

Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

1. We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2026, and the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information and other explanatory information.
2. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2026, and total comprehensive income (comprising of profit and other comprehensive income), changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

3. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

4. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

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Price Waterhouse (a Partnership Firm) converted into Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP (a Limited Liability Partnership with LLP identity no: LLPIN AAC-5001) with effect from July 25, 2014. Post its conversion to Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP, its ICAI registration number is 012754N/N500016 (ICAI registration number before conversion was 012754N)

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In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

5. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
6. In preparing the financial statements, Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.
7. Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

8. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

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9. As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
 - Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
 - Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
 - Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
 - Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
10. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
11. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

12. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Act, we give in the Annexure B a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

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To the Members of Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited
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13. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books, except for the matters stated in paragraph 13(h)(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended).
- (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2026, taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2026, from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith, reference is made to our remarks in paragraph 13(b) above and paragraph 13(h)(vi) below.
- (g) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A".
- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements – Refer Note 35 to the financial statements.
 - ii. The Company was not required to recognise a provision as at March 31, 2026 under the applicable law or Indian Accounting Standards, as it does not have any material foreseeable losses on long-term contract. The Company did not have any long term derivative contracts as at March 31, 2026.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended March 31, 2026.
 - iv. (a) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in Note 40(I)(g) to the financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner

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whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

(b) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in the Note 40(I)(g) to the financial statements, no funds have been received by the Company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and

(c) Based on such audit procedures that we considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (a) and (b) contain any material misstatement.

v. The Company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year.

vi. Based on our examination, which included test checks, the Company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and that has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software except that up to March 02, 2026, audit log of modification at database level did not capture pre-modified values. During the course of performing our procedures, except the aforesaid instances of audit trail not maintained where the question of our commenting does not arise, we did not notice any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with. Further, the audit trail, to the extent maintained in the prior years, has been preserved by the Company as per the statutory requirements for record retention.

14. The Company has not paid any remuneration to its directors during the year. Accordingly, reporting under Section 197(16) of the Act is not applicable to the Company.

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP
Firm Registration Number: 012754N/N500016

Jinesh

Harnish Shah

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Jinesh H Shah
Partner

Membership Number: 125557

UDIN: 26125557DRAGCE3563

Place: Ahmedabad

Date: April 29, 2026

Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP

Annexure A to Independent Auditor's Report

Referred to in paragraph 13(g) of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited on the financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2026

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Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to Financial Statements under clause (i) of sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Act

1. We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2026 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

2. The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting ("the Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility

3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.
4. Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.
5. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements.

Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP

Annexure A to Independent Auditor's Report

Referred to in paragraph 13(g) of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited on the financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2026

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Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements

6. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements

7. Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

8. In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2026, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by ICAI.

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP

Firm Registration Number: 012754N/N500016

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Jinesh H Shah

Partner

Membership Number: 125557

UDIN: 26125557DRAGCE3563

Place: Ahmedabad

Date: April 29, 2026

Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP

Annexure B to Independent Auditor's Report

Referred to in paragraph 12 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026
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In terms of the information and explanations sought by us and furnished by the Company, and the books of account and records examined by us during the course of our audit, and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we report that:

- i. (a) (A) The Company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation, of Property, Plant and Equipment.

(B) The Company did not have any intangible assets during the year and, accordingly, reporting under clause 3(i)(a)(B) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

- (b) The Property, Plant and Equipment of the Company have been physically verified by the Management during the year and no material discrepancies have been noticed on such verification. In our opinion, the frequency of verification is reasonable.

- (c) The title deeds of all the immovable properties, as disclosed in Note 4 on Property, plant and equipment to the financial statements, are held in the name of the Company, except for the following :

Description of Property	Gross carrying value (Rs. In Lakhs)	Held in the name of	Whether Promoter, director or their relative or employee	Period held	Reason for not being held in the name of the company
Freehold Land	1,420.10	LREHL Renewables India SPV1 Private Limited	No	9 Years	Name of the Company has changed to Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited on August 31, 2022. (Refer note 36)

- (d) The Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment or Intangible Assets or both during the year. Consequently, the question of our commenting on whether the revaluation is based on the valuation by a Registered Valuer, or specifying the amount of change, if the change is 10% or more in the aggregate of the net carrying value of each class of Property, Plant and Equipment or Intangible Assets does not arise.

- (e) No proceedings have been initiated on or are pending against the Company for holding benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) (formerly the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988)) and Rules made thereunder, and therefore the question of our commenting on whether the Company has appropriately disclosed the details in the financial statements, does not arise.

- ii. (a) The physical verification of inventory has been conducted at reasonable intervals by the Management during the year and, in our opinion, the coverage and procedure of such verification by Management is appropriate. The discrepancies noticed on physical verification of inventory as compared to book records were not 10% or more in aggregate for each class of inventory.

- (b) During the year, the Company has not been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs. 5 crores, in aggregate from banks and financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets and, accordingly, the question of our commenting on whether the quarterly returns or statements are in agreement with the unaudited books of account of the Company does not arise.

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- iii. The Company has not made any investments, granted secured/ unsecured loans/advances in nature of loans, or stood guarantee, or provided security to any parties. Therefore, the reporting under clause 3(iii), (iii)(a), (iii)(b), (iii)(c), (iii)(d), (iii)(e) and (iii)(f) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- iv. The Company has not granted any loans or made any investments or provided any guarantees or security to the parties covered under Sections 185 and 186. Therefore, the reporting under clause 3(iv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- v. The Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits referred in Sections 73, 74, 75 and 76 of the Act and the Rules framed there under. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(v) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- vi. Pursuant to the rules made by the Central Government of India, the Company is required to maintain cost records as specified under Section 148(1) of the Act in respect of its services. We have broadly reviewed the books of account maintained by the Company pursuant to the said requirement, and are of the opinion that, prima facie, the prescribed accounts and records have been made and maintained. We have not, however, made a detailed examination of the records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.
- vii. (a) In our opinion, the Company is regular in depositing the undisputed statutory dues, including goods and services tax, income tax, and other statutory dues, as applicable, with the appropriate authorities.
- (b) The particulars of statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) as at March 31, 2026 which have not been deposited on account of a dispute, are as follows:

Name of the Statute	Nature of dues	Amount (Rs. In lakhs)	Paid under protest (Rs. In lakhs)	Period to which the amount related	Forum where the dispute is pending
Central Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017	Goods and Services Tax	10.81	0.51	F.Y. 2017-18	Commissioner (Appeals)
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	23.32	-	F.Y. 2021-22	Commissioner of Income-tax (Appeals)

- viii. There are no transactions previously unrecorded in the books of account that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income-tax Act, 1961.
- ix. (a) The Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender during the year.

Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP

Annexure B to Independent Auditor's Report

Referred to in paragraph 12 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

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- (b) On the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the Company has not been declared Wilful Defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
 - (c) In our opinion, the term loans have been applied for the purposes for which they were obtained. (Also, refer Note 15 to the financial statements).
 - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company has not raised funds on short-term basis. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ix)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company did not have any subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ix)(e) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (f) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company did not have any subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- x. (a) The Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (b) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partially or optionally convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xi. (a) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud by the Company or on the Company, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such case by the Management.
- (b) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, a report under Section 143(12) of the Act, in Form ADT-4, as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 was not required to be filed by us, as statutory auditors, with the Central Government. Further, no such report has been filed by any other auditor appointed by the Company under the Act. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (c) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and as represented to us by the management, no whistle-blower complaints have been received during the year by the Company. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xii. As the Company is not a Nidhi Company and the Nidhi Rules, 2014 are not applicable to it, the reporting under clause 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

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- xiii. The Company has entered into transactions with related parties in compliance with the provisions of Section 188 of the Act. The details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required under Indian Accounting Standard 24 "Related Party Disclosures" specified under Section 133 of the Act. Further, the Company is not required to constitute an Audit Committee under Section 177 of the Act and, accordingly, to this extent, the reporting under clause 3(xiii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xiv. In our opinion, the Company does not have an internal audit system and is not required to have an internal audit system as per provisions of the Act.
- xv. In our opinion, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with the directors. Accordingly, the reporting on compliance with the provisions of Section 192 of the Act under clause 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xvi. (a) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (b) The Company has not conducted non-banking financial / housing finance activities during the year. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xvi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, the additional reporting under clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - (d) In our opinion, the Group as defined in the Reserve Bank of India (Core Investment Companies) Directions, 2025 has one CICs as part of the Group.
- xvii. The Company has not incurred any cash losses in the financial year or in the immediately preceding financial year.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year and, accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable.
- xix. On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that the Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- xx. As at balance sheet date, the Company does not have any amount remaining unspent under Section 135(5) of the Act. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable.

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Referred to in paragraph 12 of the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

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- xxi. As stated in Note 40(I)(e) to the Financial Statements, the Company does not have subsidiaries or joint ventures or associate companies and does not prepare Consolidated Financial Statements. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP

Firm Registration Number: 012754N/N500016

Jinesh

Harnish Shah

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Jinesh H Shah

Partner

Membership Number: 125557

UDIN: 26125557DRAGCE3563

Place: Ahmedabad

Date: April 29, 2026

Balance sheet
as at March 31, 2026

(₹ in Lakhs)

	Notes	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Assets			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	4	18,624.94	19,649.77
Financial assets			
Other financial assets	5	30.15	28.44
Non-current tax assets	6	14.37	14.90
Other non-current assets	7	0.51	0.51
Total Non-current assets		18,669.97	19,693.62
Current assets			
Inventories	8	46.74	35.48
Financial assets			
Trade receivables	9	1,101.31	1,109.24
Cash and cash equivalents	10	63.19	307.21
Other financial assets	11	0.45	0.45
Other current assets	12	11.09	1.22
Total Current assets		1,222.78	1,453.60
Total Assets		19,892.75	21,147.22
Equity and liabilities			
Equity			
Equity share capital	13	2,343.09	2,343.09
Other equity	14	9,867.29	8,552.30
Total Equity		12,210.38	10,895.39
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	15	4,370.00	7,300.00
Deferred tax liabilities (net)	26	1,145.27	695.43
Total Non-current liabilities		5,515.27	7,995.43
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	16	1,600.00	1,600.00
Trade payables			
Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises	17	38.22	11.48
Total outstanding dues other than micro and small enterprises		29.98	85.13
Other financial liabilities	18	470.63	533.28
Other current liabilities	19	28.27	26.51
Total Current liabilities		2,167.10	2,256.40
Total Equity and liabilities		19,892.75	21,147.22

See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements

In terms of our report attached

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP

Firm Registration Number : 012754N/N500016

Jinesh Harnish Shah
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Jinesh Harnish Shah
Date: 2026.04.29
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Jinesh H Shah
Partner
Membership No.: 125557

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Jigish Mehta
Chairman
DIN : 09054778

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Mayank Shah
Chief Financial Officer

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Aditya Patel
Chief Executive Officer

Place: Ahmedabad
Date: April 29, 2026

Place: Ahmedabad
Date: April 29, 2026

Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited

Statement of Profit and Loss
for the Year ended March 31, 2026

	Notes	Year ended March 31, 2026	(₹ in Lakhs) Year ended March 31, 2025
Income			
Revenue from operations	20	3,877.40	3,937.03
Other income	21	15.99	5.85
Total income		3,893.39	3,942.88
Expenses			
Employee benefits expense	22	29.15	26.03
Finance costs	23	635.15	872.57
Depreciation and amortisation expense	24	1,025.13	1,023.29
Other expenses	25	439.12	493.36
Total expenses		2,128.55	2,415.25
Profit before tax		1,764.84	1,527.63
Tax expense			
Current tax	26	0.01	-
Deferred tax	26	449.84	387.98
		449.85	387.98
Profit for the year		1,314.99	1,139.65
Other comprehensive income			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Remeasurement of the defined benefit plans		-	-
Tax relating to remeasurement of the defined benefit plans		-	-
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax		-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		1,314.99	1,139.65
Basic and diluted earnings per share of face value of ₹10 each (in ₹)	30	5.61	4.86

See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements

In terms of our report attached

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP

Firm Registration Number : 012754N/N500016

Jinesh
Harnish Shah

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Jinesh H Shah

Partner

Membership No.: 125557

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Jigish Mehta

Chairman

DIN : 09054778

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Mayank Shah
Chief Financial Officer

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PATEL

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Date: 2026.04.29
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Aditya Patel
Chief Executive Officer

Place: Ahmedabad
Date: April 29, 2026

Place: Ahmedabad
Date: April 29, 2026

Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited

**Statement of Cash Flows
for the year ended March 31, 2026**

	Notes	Year ended March 31, 2026	(₹ in Lakhs) Year ended March 31, 2025
Cash flow from operating activities			
Profit before tax		1,764.84	1,527.63
Adjustments for :			
Depreciation and amortisation expense	24	1,025.13	1,023.29
Finance costs	23	635.15	872.57
Interest income on Income tax refund	21	(0.25)	(1.25)
Interest income on deposit and others	21	(1.07)	(4.60)
Operating profit before working capital changes		3,423.80	3,417.64
Movement in working capital:			
<u>Adjustments for (increase) / decrease in operating assets:</u>			
Inventories	8	(11.26)	(17.42)
Trade receivables	9	7.93	21.40
Other current financial assets	11	-	(0.45)
Other non-current financial assets	5	(1.71)	-
Other current assets	12	(9.87)	31.97
<u>Adjustments for increase / (decrease) in operating liabilities:</u>			
Trade payables	17	(28.41)	59.13
Other financial liabilities	18	0.14	0.85
Other current liabilities	19	1.76	(2.84)
Cash flow from operations		3,382.38	3,510.28
Taxes paid (net)		0.53	1.74
Net cash flow generated from operating activities		3,382.91	3,512.02
Cash flow from investing activities			
Payments for property, plant and equipment and Capital work-in-progress		(10.61)	(22.56)
(Investments) / redemption in bank deposits (net) (maturity more than three months)		-	98.00
Interest received		1.32	33.59
Net cash flow (used in) / generated from investing activities		(9.29)	109.03
Cash flow from financing activities			
Proceeds from long-term borrowings from related party (Refer note-33)		-	30.00
Repayment of Loan from related parties (Refer note-33)		(2,930.00)	(2,480.00)
Finance costs paid		(687.64)	(922.28)
Net cash (used in) financing activities		(3,617.64)	(3,372.28)
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents		(244.02)	248.77
Cash and cash equivalents as at beginning of the year		307.21	58.44
Cash and cash equivalents as at end of the year		63.19	307.21
		As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Footnotes:			
1. Cash and cash equivalents as at end of the year:			
Balances with banks			
Balance in current accounts	10	63.19	307.21

Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited

**Statement of Cash Flows
for the year ended March 31, 2026**

2. The Statement of cash flows has been prepared under the 'Indirect Method' set out in Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS), Ind AS 7 - Statement of Cash Flows.

3. For net debt reconciliation Refer note 16.

4. Cash flow from operating activities includes ₹ 23.00 Lakhs (Previous year ₹ 12.85 Lakhs) being expense towards corporate social responsibility initiatives.

See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements

In terms of our report attached

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP

Firm Registration Number : 012754N/N500016

Jinesh

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Harnish Shah

Harnish Shah

Date: 2026.04.29 19:45:48
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Jinesh H Shah

Partner

Membership No.: 125557

**JIGISH
BHOGILAL
MEHTA**

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Jigish Mehta
Chairman

DIN : 09054778

**MAYANK
S SHAH**

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Date: 2026.04.29
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Mayank Shah

Chief Financial Officer

Place: Ahmedabad

Date: April 29, 2026

**ADITYA
KIRANBHAI
PATEL**

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ADITYA KIRANBHAI
PATEL
Date: 2026.04.29
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Aditya Patel

Chief Executive Officer

Place: Ahmedabad

Date: April 29, 2026

Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited

Statement of Changes in Equity
for the year ended March 31, 2026

A. Equity share capital [Refer note 13]

	(₹ in Lakhs)
Balance as at April 01, 2025	2,343.09
Changes in equity share capital during the year	-
Balance as at March 31, 2026	<u>2,343.09</u>
Balance as at April 01, 2024	2,343.09
Changes in equity share capital during the year	-
Balance as at March 31, 2025	<u>2,343.09</u>

B. Other equity [Refer note 14]

	Reserves and surplus			(₹ in Lakhs)
	Securities premium	Retained earnings	Total	
Balance as at April 01, 2025	6,961.81	1,590.49	8,552.30	
Profit for the year	-	1,314.99	1,314.99	
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	-	-	-	
Total comprehensive income for the year	<u>-</u>	<u>1,314.99</u>	<u>1,314.99</u>	
Balance as at March 31, 2026	<u>6,961.81</u>	<u>2,905.48</u>	<u>9,867.29</u>	
Balance as at April 01, 2024	6,961.81	450.84	7,412.65	
Profit for the year	-	1,139.65	1,139.65	
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	-	-	-	
Total comprehensive income for the year	<u>-</u>	<u>1,139.65</u>	<u>1,139.65</u>	
Balance as at March 31, 2025	<u>6,961.81</u>	<u>1,590.49</u>	<u>8,552.30</u>	

See accompanying notes forming part of the financial statements
In terms of our report attached

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP

Firm Registration Number : 012754N/N500016

Jinesh Harnish Shah
Digitally signed by Jinesh Harnish Shah
Date: 2026.04.29 19:46:17 +05'30'

Jinesh H Shah
Partner
Membership No.: 125557

JIGISH BHOGILAL MEHTA
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DIN : 09054778

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Date: 2026.04.29 19:11:41 +05'30'

Mayank Shah
Chief Financial Officer

Aditya Patel
Chief Executive Officer

Place: Ahmedabad
Date: April 29, 2026

Place: Ahmedabad
Date: April 29, 2026

Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited
Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

Note 1. General Information

Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited (“The Company”) is a wholly owned subsidiary of Torrent Green Energy Private Limited. On March 26, 2025, Torrent Power Limited has sold 2,34,30,901 ordinary equity shares of ₹10 each fully paid up of the company to Torrent Green Energy Private Limited. Torrent Green Energy Private Limited has since become the Holding Company for the Company. Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited (‘the Company’) is a private company domiciled in India and is incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act applicable in India. The registered office of the Company is located at “Samanvay”, 600, Tapovan, Ambawadi, Ahmedabad – 380 015.

The Company is engaged in the business of generation of solar power. Electricity generated from the project is being supplied to Solar Energy Corporation of India Limited (SECI) under a 25 years Power Purchase Agreement.

1.1 New Standards or Interpretations adopted by the Company

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs vide notification dated May 07, 2025 and August 13, 2025 notified the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2025 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Second Amendment Rules, 2025, respectively, which amended/notified certain accounting standards (see below), and are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after April 01, 2025:

- i) Ind AS 1 - Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and Non-current Liabilities with Covenants
- ii) Ind AS 7 and Ind AS 107 - Supplier Finance Arrangements
- iii) Ind AS 12 - International Tax Reform – Pillar Two Model Rules
- iv) Ind AS 21 - Lack of Exchangeability

The above amendments did not have any impact on the amounts recognised in prior periods and are not expected to significantly affect the current or future periods.

1.2 New standards or interpretations issued but not yet effective

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs vide notification dated August 13, 2025 notified the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2025 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Second Amendment Rules, 2025, respectively, which amended/notified certain accounting standards (see below), and are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after April 01, 2026:

Ind AS 1 - Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and Non-current Liabilities with Covenants

The above amendments did not have any impact on the amounts recognised in prior periods and are not expected to significantly affect the current or future periods.

Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited
Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

Note 2(a). Material accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation:

a) Compliance with Ind AS

The financial statements are in compliance, in all material aspects, with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) read with the [Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015] and other relevant provisions of the Act and rules made thereunder.

b) Historical cost convention

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for following which have been measured at fair value.

- Certain Financial assets and liabilities which have been measured at fair value.

c) All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria as set out in the Schedule III (Division II) to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as twelve months for the purpose of current / non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

- Current / Non-Current classification

The entity presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification.

An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in the normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash and cash equivalents unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading
- Expected to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited
Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

Operating cycle:

Based on the nature of activities of the Company and the normal time between acquisition of assets and their realization in cash or cash equivalents, the Company has determined its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of classification of its assets and liabilities as current and non-current.

2.2 Property, plant and equipment:

Freehold land is carried at historical cost. All other items of property, plant and equipment held for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes, are stated in the balance sheet at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses except that on adoption of Ind AS, property, plant and equipment had been measured at deemed cost, using the net carrying value as per previous GAAP as at April 01, 2020.

Capital work in progress in the course of construction for production, supply or administrative purposes is carried at cost, less any recognised impairment loss. Cost includes purchase price, taxes and duties, and other directly attributable costs incurred upto the date the asset is ready for its intended use. Such property, plant and equipment are classified to the appropriate categories when completed and ready for intended use.

Subsequent cost are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. Subsequent costs relating to day to day servicing of the item are not recognised in the carrying amount of an item of property, plant and equipment; rather, these costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation methods, estimated useful lives and residual value

Depreciation commences when the assets are ready for their intended use. Depreciation for the year is provided on additions / deductions of the assets during the period from / up to the month in which the asset is added / deducted. Depreciation is provided to allocate their cost, net of their residual values on a straight line basis over the estimated useful lives, which are as follows:

Class of assets	Useful Life
Plant and machinery	
- modules and others	25 years
-inverters	10 years
Furniture and Fixtures	10 years

The estimated useful life, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited
Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

2.3 Impairment of Property, plant and equipment:

Property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment losses whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the carrying amount of the assets exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of an asset's net selling price and value in use. Value in use is the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from an asset or cash-generating unit. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

2.4 Cash and cash equivalents:

For the purpose of presentation in the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, cheques / drafts on hand, current account balances with banks and other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

2.5 Inventories:

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost of inventories includes purchase price and all other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Costs are assigned to individual items of inventory on the weighted average. Costs of purchased inventory are determined after deducting rebates and discounts.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

2.6 Revenue recognition:

Revenue towards satisfaction of a performance obligation is measured and recognized at transaction price, when the control of the goods or services has been transferred to consumers net of discounts and other similar allowances.

Revenue from power supply are accounted for on the basis of billings to consumer in accordance with the Power Purchase Agreement. Performance obligation i.e. supply of power to the grid is considered complete based on meter reading carried out jointly with the customer of the Company has objective evidence that all criteria for acceptance have been satisfied. The Revenue is recognized when the performance obligation is met. Revenue is net of discount on prompt payments and rebates, and is adjusted for variable consideration.

2.7 Taxation:

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited
Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

Current Tax:

The tax currently payable is based on taxable income for the year in accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the statement of profit and loss because of items of income or expenses that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations for which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and considers whether it is probable that a taxation authority will accept an uncertain tax treatment. The Company measures its tax balances either based on the most likely amount or the expected value, depending on which method provides a better prediction of the resolution of the uncertainty.

Advance taxes and provisions for current income taxes are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset and balance arises with same tax authority.

Deferred Tax:

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences.

Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority.

Deferred tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

2.8 Earnings per share:

Basic earnings/(loss) per share (EPS) is computed by dividing the profit / (loss) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited
Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

Diluted earnings per share is computed by adjusting the figures used in the determination of basic EPS to take into account:

- After tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential equity shares.

The weighted average number of additional equity shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

2.9 Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets:

Provisions:

A provision is recognized when the Company has a present obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (when the effect of the time value of money is material).

Contingent liability:

A possible obligation that arises from past events and the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the enterprise are disclosed as Contingent liability and not provided for. Such liability is not disclosed if the possibility of outflow of resources is remote.

Contingent assets:

A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company.

Contingent assets are not recognised but disclosed only when an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

2.10 Financial instruments:

Financial assets

i) Classification of financial assets (including debt instruments)

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited
Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss), and
- those measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

ii) Initial measurement

Financial assets (excluding Trade Receivables) are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition (other than financial assets at fair value through profit or loss) are added to the fair value of the financial assets, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

iii) Subsequent measurement

Subsequent measurement categories into which the debt instruments are classified as below:

• **Amortised cost:**

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at amortised cost and is not part of a hedging relationship is recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised or impaired. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method.

iv) Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses on a forward-looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its financial assets carried at amortised cost. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables or any contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset that result from transactions that are within the scope of Ind AS 115 only, the Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss and always measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses.

Further, for the purpose of measuring lifetime expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables, the Company has used a practical expedient as permitted under Ind AS 109. This expected credit loss allowance is computed based on historical credit loss experience.

v) Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Company's balance sheet) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset

Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited
Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

When the entity has transferred an asset, the Company evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial asset is derecognised. Where the entity has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is not derecognised.

Where the entity has neither transferred a financial asset nor retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of financial asset, the financial asset is derecognised if the Company has not retained control over the financial asset. Where the Company retains control of the financial asset, the asset is continued to be recognised to the extent of continuing involvement in the financial asset.

vi) Income recognition

• Interest income

Interest income on financial assets at amortised cost is calculated using the effective interest method is recognised in the statement of profit and loss as part of other income.

Financials liabilities:

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables and borrowings.

i) Classification

The Company's financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost.

ii) Initial measurement

Financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the issue of financial liabilities are deducted from the fair value of the financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition.

iii) Subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities subsequently measured at amortised cost using the Effective Interest Rate method.

The Effective Interest Rate Method (EIR) is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability.

iv) Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Company derecognises financial liabilities when, and only when, the Company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or waived off or have expired. An exchange between the Company and the lender of debt instruments with substantially different terms is accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable is recognised in profit or loss.

Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited
Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

2.11 Employee benefits:

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to retirement benefit plans in the form of provident fund, pension scheme and superannuation schemes as per regulations are charged as an expense on an accrual basis when employees have rendered the service. The Company has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid.

Defined benefits plans and other long-term employee benefits obligations

Post retirement benefits of the employee will be borne by Parent Company and accordingly no expenses have been recognized in statement of profit and loss.

2.12 Amount presented and rounding off:

All amounts disclosed in the financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest lakhs with two decimals as per the requirement of Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013, unless otherwise stated.

Note 2(b). Other accounting policies

2.13 Borrowing Costs:

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition and construction of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use, such as new projects and / or specific assets created in the existing business, are capitalized up to the date of completion and ready for their intended use.

Income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

Other borrowing costs are charged to the statement of profit and loss in the period of their accrual.

2.14 Leases:

Short term leases and leases of low value assets:

Payments associated with short-term leases of equipment, building and all leases of low-value assets are recognised on a straight-line basis as an expense in profit or loss. Short-term leases are leases with a lease term of 12 months or less. Low-value assets comprise small value of building.

2.15 Foreign currency translation:

Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are prepared in Indian rupee (₹) which is functional as well as presentation currency of the Company.

Foreign currency transactions are recorded on initial recognition in the functional currency using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. At each balance sheet date, foreign currency monetary items are reported using the closing exchange rate. Exchange differences that arise on settlement of

Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited
Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

monetary items or on reporting at each balance sheet date of the Company's monetary items at the closing rate are recognized as income or expenses in the period.

Note 3: Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the course of applying the policies outlined in all notes under note 2 above, the management of the Company is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Such estimates and associated assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future period, if the revision affects current and future periods.

Key source of estimation of uncertainty at the date of financial statements, which may cause material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, is in respect of recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities (refer note 26).

Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

Note 4 : Property, plant and equipment

As at March 31, 2026

Particulars	Gross Block			Accumulated depreciation			Net carrying amount As at March 31, 2026	
	As at April 01 2025	Additions during the year	Deductions during the year	As at March 31, 2026	As at April 01 2025	For the year Depreciation		Deductions during the year
Freehold land (refer footnote 3 below)	1,420.10	-	-	1,420.10	-	-	-	1,420.10
Plant and machinery	23,397.05	-	-	23,397.05	5,172.88	1,024.11	-	17,200.06
Furniture and fixtures	2.46	-	-	2.46	0.66	0.76	-	1.04
Office equipment	0.57	0.31	-	0.88	0.05	0.06	-	0.77
Computer & laptop	1.42	-	-	1.42	0.06	0.02	-	1.34
Vehicle	1.85	-	-	1.85	0.04	0.18	-	1.63
Total	24,823.45	0.31	-	24,823.76	5,173.69	1,025.13	-	18,624.94

As at March 31, 2025

Particulars	Gross Block			Accumulated depreciation			Net carrying amount As at March 31, 2025	
	As at April 01, 2024	Additions during the year	Deductions during the year	As at March 31, 2025	As at April 01, 2024	For the year Depreciation		Deductions during the year
Freehold land (refer footnote 3 below)	1,420.10	-	-	1,420.10	-	-	-	1,420.10
Plant and machinery	23,372.84	24.21	-	23,397.05	4,150.05	1,022.83	-	18,224.17
Furniture and fixtures	0.63	1.83	-	2.46	0.31	0.35	-	1.80
Office equipment	-	0.57	-	0.57	-	0.05	-	0.52
Computer & laptop	0.70	0.71	-	1.42	0.04	0.02	-	1.36
Vehicle	-	1.85	-	1.85	-	0.04	-	1.82
Total	24,794.27	29.17	-	24,823.45	4,150.40	1,023.29	-	19,649.77

Footnotes :

- The Company has signed VGF Securitization Agreement (VGFA) with Solar Energy Corporation of India (SECI) being sole party to Power Purchase Agreement (PPA) on December 20, 2016 for an amount of ₹ 980 Lakhs. As per clause 3.1 of VGFA, the Company has to create a charge in a manner as described in clause in favour of SECI (or its Authorized Agent). Accordingly, unattested Deed of Hypothecation dated 31/01/2019 ("DOH") executed by Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited (Formerly known as LREHL Renewables India SPV 1 Private Limited (SPD) in favour of Catalyst Trusteeship Limited acting as the Security Trustee on behalf of Solar Energy Corporation of India Limited (SECI) to secure the VGF support of ₹ 980 Lakhs to be released by SECI to the SPD as per VGFA for Project ID P2B4T3-LREHL-B-5MH-1V. During the current year, the Company has withdrawn the VGF claim and charge has been satisfied.
- The Company has not revalued its Property, plant and equipment during the current or previous year.
- Refer note 36 for title deeds of immovable property not held in the name of the Company.

Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited**Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026****Note 5 : Other non-current financial assets**

	(₹ in Lakhs)	
	As at	As at
	March 31, 2026	March 31, 2025
Unsecured, Considered good Security deposits	30.15	28.44
	30.15	28.44

Note 6 : Non-current tax assets

	(₹ in Lakhs)	
	As at	As at
	March 31, 2026	March 31, 2025
Advance income tax (Including Tax Deducted at Source)	14.37	14.90
	14.37	14.90

Note 7 : Other non-current assets

	(₹ in Lakhs)	
	As at	As at
	March 31, 2026	March 31, 2025
Tax Paid under protest - Goods and Services tax (Refer note 35)	0.51	0.51
	0.51	0.51

Note 8 : Inventories

	(₹ in Lakhs)	
	As at	As at
	March 31, 2026	March 31, 2025
Stores and spares	46.74	35.48
	46.74	35.48

Note 9 : Trade receivables

	(₹ in Lakhs)	
	As at	As at
	March 31, 2026	March 31, 2025
Trade receivables Unsecured - Considered good	1,101.31	1,109.24
	1,101.31	1,109.24

Footnotes :

- 1 Refer Note 34 for credit risk related disclosures
- 2 Refer Note 37 for ageing schedule of current trade receivables.

Note 10 : Cash and cash equivalents

	(₹ in Lakhs)	
	As at	As at
	March 31, 2026	March 31, 2025
Balances with banks Balance in current accounts	63.19	307.21
	63.19	307.21

Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited**Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026****Note 11 : Other financial assets**

	(₹ in Lakhs)	
	As at	As at
	March 31, 2026	March 31, 2025
Unsecured (considered good) Security deposits	0.45	0.45
	0.45	0.45

Note 12 : Other current assets

	(₹ in Lakhs)	
	As at	As at
	March 31, 2026	March 31, 2025
Advances for goods and services	-	1.03
Balances with government authorities	0.07	0.19
Prepaid expenses	11.02	-
	11.09	1.22

Note 13 : Equity share capital

	(₹ in Lakhs)	
	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Authorised		
2,50,00,000 (2,50,00,000 as at March 31, 2025) equity shares of ₹10 each	2,500.00	2,500.00
	2,500.00	2,500.00
Issued, subscribed and paid up		
2,34,30,901 (2,34,30,901 as at March 31, 2025) equity shares of ₹10 each	2,343.09	2,343.09
	2,343.09	2,343.09

Footnotes:

1 Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year :

	No. of shares As at March 31, 2026	No. of shares As at March 31, 2025
At the beginning of the year	23,430,901	23,430,901
Issued during the year	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	23,430,901	23,430,901

2 Details of equity shares held by holding company :

	No. of shares As at March 31, 2026	No. of shares As at March 31, 2025
Torrent Green Energy Private Limited (Jointly with nominees) (Refer footnote 5 below)	23,430,901	23,430,901
	23,430,901	23,430,901

3 Terms / Rights attached to equity shares :

The Company has only one class of equity shares having par value of ₹ 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. The dividend, if any, proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except in case of interim dividend.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

4 Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company :

Name of the Shareholder	As at March 31, 2026			As at March 31, 2025		
	No. of shares	% holding	% change during the year	No. of shares	% holding	% change during the year
Torrent Green Energy Private Limited (Jointly with nominees)	23,430,901	100.00%	0.00%	23,430,901	100.00%	100.00%
Torrent Power Limited (Jointly with nominees) *	-	-	0.00%	-	-	0.00%
	23,430,901	100.00%	0.00%	23,430,901	100.00%	100.00%

5 Details of shareholding of Promoters in the Company :

Promoter	As at March 31, 2026			As at March 31, 2025		
	No. of shares	% of total shares	% change during the year	No. of shares	% of total shares	% change during the year
Torrent Green Energy Private Limited (Jointly with nominees)	23,430,901	100.00%	0.00%	23,430,901	100.00%	100.00%
Torrent Power Limited (Jointly with nominees) *	-	0.00%	0.00%	-	0.00%	-100.00%

* On March 26, 2025, Torrent Power Limited has sold 2,34,30,901 ordinary equity shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid up of the company to Torrent Green Energy Private Limited. Hence from March 27, 2025 Torrent Green Energy Private Limited has become parent company of the company and ceased to be a fellow subsidiary of the Company.

6 Aggregate number of equity shares allotted as fully paid up pursuant to contract without payment being received in cash:

- i. The company had issued 31,50,00,000 10.50% Debentures of ₹ 1 each in January, 2018. The debentures were repayable at the end of 21 years. As on June, 2020, the Company and the debenture holders had agreed for revision in the repayment terms. According to the revised terms, the redemption of debentures was to begin in October, 2035 and were to be fully redeemed in March, 2037 through 6 instalments. During the year ended March 31, 2022, the Company allotted 40,12,738 equity shares of ₹ 10 each at premium of ₹ 68.5 per share to the Debenture holders pursuant to the conversion of Non-convertible debenture in compliance with the regulations of Foreign Exchange Management Act (Clause 7.4 of the Master Direction - External Commercial Borrowings, Trade Credits and Structured obligations issued by the Reserve Bank of India, as updated from time to time ("ECB Master Directions").
- ii. The holders of compulsorily convertible debentures (CCD) has exercised option for conversion of CCD into Equity shares as per the terms of CCD subscription agreement in March 2023. Total 97,05,328 equity shares of ₹10 per equity share each fully paid up with premium of ₹ 43.41 per equity share have been allotted to the holder of compulsory convertible debenture without payment being received in cash.

Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited**Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026****Note 14 : Other equity**

	Reserves and surplus		(₹ in Lakhs)
	Securities premium	Retained earnings	Total
Balance as at April 01, 2025	6,961.81	1,590.49	8,552.30
Profit for the year	-	1,314.99	1,314.99
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	1,314.99	1,314.99
Balance as at March 31, 2026	6,961.81	2,905.48	9,867.29
Balance as at April 01, 2024	6,961.81	450.84	7,412.65
Profit for the year	-	1,139.65	1,139.65
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	1,139.65	1,139.65
Balance as at March 31, 2025	6,961.81	1,590.49	8,552.30

Footnotes:**Securities premium :**

Securities premium reflects issuance of the shares by the Company at a premium, whether for cash or otherwise i.e. a sum equal to the aggregate amount of the premium received on shares is transferred to a "securities premium account" as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. The reserve can be utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

Retained earnings:

The retained earnings reflect the profit/(loss) of the Company earned till date net of appropriations. The amount that can be distributed by the Company as dividends to its equity shareholders is determined based on the balance in this reserve, after considering the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013.

Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

Note 15 : Non-current borrowings

(₹ in Lakhs)

	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Unsecured Loan		
Loan from Torrent Power Limited (Refer Note 33)	4,370.00	7,300.00
	4,370.00	7,300.00

Footnotes:

1 Terms of Loans from related party

As at March 31, 2026:

The company has obtained loan from Torrent Power Limited to repay the loan taken from RABO Bank and meet its working capital requirements at the interest rate of 8.50% p.a.

The future annual repayment obligations (quarterly) on principal amount for the above long-term borrowings are as under:-

	(₹ in Lakhs)
Financial year	Borrowings
2027-28	1,600.00
2028-29	1,600.00
2029-30	1,170.00

As at March 31, 2025:

The company has obtained loan from Torrent Power Limited during the previous year to repay the loan taken from RABO Bank and meet its working capital requirements at the interest rate of 8.50% p.a.

The future annual repayment obligations (quarterly) on principal amount for the above long-term borrowings are as under:-

	(₹ in Lakhs)
Financial year	Borrowings
2026-27	1,600.00
2027-28	1,600.00
2028-29	1,600.00
2029-30	1,600.00
2030-31	900.00

2 During the current year and previous year the loan was obtained for meet the working capital requirement, the Company has used the borrowings from banks/ financial institutions and related party for the specific purpose for which it is obtained.

3 Undrawn term loans from Torrent Power Limited, based on approved facilities, were ₹ 14,030 lakhs as at March 31, 2026 (₹ 11,100 lakhs as at March 31, 2025)

Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

Note 16 : Current borrowings

	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Unsecured loans		
Loan from Torrent Power Limited (Refer Note 33)	1,600.00	1,600.00
	1,600.00	1,600.00

(₹ in Lakhs)

Net debt reconciliation :

	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Cash and cash equivalents	63.19	307.21
Non-current borrowings (including current maturities of long term loan and interest accrued but not due)	(6,093.03)	(9,075.52)
	(6,029.84)	(8,768.31)

(₹ in Lakhs)

	Other assets	Liabilities from financing activities	Total
	Cash and cash equivalents	Borrowings including interest accrued	
Net debt as on April 01, 2025	307.21	(9,075.52)	(8,768.31)
Cash flows (net)	(244.02)	2,930.00	2,685.98
Interest expense	-	(635.15)	(635.15)
Interest paid	-	687.64	687.64
Net balance as at March 31, 2026	63.19	(6,093.03)	(6,029.84)
Net debt as on April 01, 2024	58.44	(11,575.23)	(11,516.79)
Cash flows (net)	248.77	2,450.00	2,698.77
Interest expense	-	(872.57)	(872.57)
Interest paid	-	922.28	922.28
Net balance as at March 31, 2025	307.21	(9,075.52)	(8,768.31)

Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited**Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026****Note 17 : Trade payables**

	(₹ in Lakhs)	
	As at	As at
	March 31, 2026	March 31, 2025
Trade payables		
Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterprises [Refer note 27]	38.22	11.48
Total outstanding dues other than micro and small enterprises	29.98	85.13
	68.20	96.61

Note:

Refer note 38 for ageing schedule of trade payables.

Note 18 : Other financial liabilities

	(₹ in Lakhs)	
	As at	As at
	March 31, 2026	March 31, 2025
Interest accrued but not due on loan from Torrent Power Limited [Refer note 33]	123.03	175.52
Payables for purchase of property, plant and equipment	346.04	356.34
Sundry payables (including for employees related payables)	1.56	1.42
	470.63	533.28

Note 19 : Other current liabilities

	(₹ in Lakhs)	
	As at	As at
	March 31, 2026	March 31, 2025
Statutory dues (Including tax deducted at source)	28.27	26.43
Sundry payables (Interest on MSME payable)	-	0.08
	28.27	26.51

Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

Note 20 : Revenue from operations

	(₹ in Lakhs)	
	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Revenue from contracts with customers [Refer footnotes below]		
Revenue from power supply	3,877.15	3,937.03
Other operating income		
Insurance claim receipt	0.25	-
	3,877.40	3,937.03

Footnotes:

- 1 Disclosure given above presents disaggregated revenue from contracts with customers. The Company believes that this disaggregation best depicts how the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows are affected by market and other economic factors.
- 2 Timing of revenue recognition (from contract with customers) : Revenue from power supply is recognised over a period of time.

Note 21 : Other income

	(₹ in Lakhs)	
	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Interest income from financial assets at amortised cost		
Deposits	-	4.60
Others	1.07	-
Liabilities written back to the extent no longer required	14.67	-
Interest received on income tax refund	0.25	1.25
	15.99	5.85

Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited**Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026****Note 22 : Employee benefits expense**

	(₹ in Lakhs)	
	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Salaries, wages and bonus	26.73	23.82
Contribution to provident and other funds	2.42	2.21
	<u>29.15</u>	<u>26.03</u>

Note 23 : Finance costs

	(₹ in Lakhs)	
	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Interest expense for financial liabilities classified as amortised cost		
Loan from Torrent Power Limited [Refer Note 33]	635.15	871.97
Other borrowing costs	-	0.48
Other interest expense	-	0.12
	<u>635.15</u>	<u>872.57</u>

Note 24 : Depreciation and amortisation expense

	(₹ in Lakhs)	
	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Depreciation expense on property, plant and equipment	1,025.13	1,023.29
	<u>1,025.13</u>	<u>1,023.29</u>

Note 25 : Other expenses

	(₹ in Lakhs)	
	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Consumption of stores and spares	3.13	-
Rent and hire charges [Refer Note 32]	2.63	0.66
Repairs to Plant and machinery	87.18	203.50
Repairs to others	5.78	7.21
Insurance	31.97	30.60
Rates and taxes	30.17	30.22
Vehicle running expenses	17.18	8.44
Electricity expenses	125.15	106.01
Security expenses	60.34	16.88
Power transmission and scheduling charges	29.49	51.27
Corporate social responsibility expenses [Refer note 29 and 33]	23.00	12.85
Auditors remuneration [Refer Note 28]	4.37	4.13
Legal, professional and consultancy fees	11.66	14.90
Miscellaneous expenses	7.07	6.69
	<u>439.12</u>	<u>493.36</u>

Note 26: Income tax expense

(a) Income tax expense recognised in statement of profit and loss

	(₹ in Lakhs)	
	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Current tax		
Current tax on profits for the year	0.01	-
	0.01	-
Deferred tax (other than that disclosed under OCI)		
Decrease in deferred tax assets	212.57	150.72
Increase in deferred tax liabilities	237.27	237.26
	449.84	387.98
Income tax expense	449.85	387.98

(b) Reconciliation of income tax expense

	(₹ in Lakhs)	
	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Profit before tax	1,764.84	1,527.63
Expected income tax expense calculated using tax rate at 25.168% (Previous year - 25.168%)	444.17	384.47
Adjustment to reconcile expected income tax expense to reported income tax expense:		
Effect of:		
Expenditure not deductible under Income Tax Act	5.68	3.51
Expenditure deductible under Income Tax Act	-	(38.88)
Differential interest expense to the extent disallowed under section 94B of the Income Tax Act, 1961 and not available for claim in future.	-	38.88
Total expense as per statement of profit and loss	449.85	387.98

The tax rate used for the reconciliations given above is the actual / enacted corporate tax rate payable by corporate entities in India on taxable profits under the Indian tax law.

Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited
Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

Note 26: Income tax expense (Contd.)

(c) Deferred tax balances

(1) The following is the analysis of deferred tax assets / (liabilities) presented in the balance sheet

	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Deferred tax assets	702.71	915.28
Deferred tax liabilities	(1,847.98)	(1,610.71)
	(1,145.27)	(695.43)

(2) Movement of deferred tax assets / (liabilities)

Deferred tax assets / (liabilities) in relation to the year ended March 31, 2026

	Opening balance	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in other equity	Closing balance
				(₹ in Lakhs)
Deferred Tax Liability				
Property, plant and equipment	(1,610.71)	(237.27)	-	(1,847.98)
	(1,610.71)	(237.27)	-	(1,847.98)
Deferred Tax Asset				
Unamortised expenses	-	0.24	-	0.24
Unabsorbed Depreciation and interest under section 94B	915.28	(212.81)	-	702.47
	915.28	(212.57)	-	702.71
	(695.43)	(449.84)	-	(1,145.27)

Deferred tax assets / (liabilities) in relation to the year ended March 31, 2025

	Opening balance	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in other equity	Closing balance
				(₹ in Lakhs)
Deferred Tax Liability				
Property, plant and equipment	(1,373.45)	(237.26)	-	(1,610.71)
	(1,373.45)	(237.26)	-	(1,610.71)
Deferred Tax Asset				
Unabsorbed Depreciation and interest under section 94B	1,066.00	(150.72)	-	915.28
	1,066.00	(150.72)	-	915.28
	(307.45)	(387.98)	-	(695.43)

Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

Note 27: Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act, 2006)

Micro and small enterprises under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (MSMED Act, 2006) have been determined based on the information available with the Company and the required disclosures are given below:

	(₹ in Lakhs)	
	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
(a) Principal amount remaining unpaid [Refer notes 17]	38.22	11.48
(b) Interest due thereon	-	-
(c) The amount of interest paid along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year		
(i) Principal amounts paid to the suppliers beyond the appointed day during the year	0.33	6.82
(ii) Interest paid under section 16 of the MSMED Act, to the suppliers, beyond the appointed day during the year	-	0.03
(d) The amount of interest due and payable for the year (where the principal has been paid but interest under the MSMED Act, 2006 not paid)	0.00*	0.08
(e) The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid [b+d]	0.00*	0.08
(f) The amount of further interest due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23.	-	-

*Interest paid under section 16 of the MSMED Act, to the suppliers, beyond the appointed day during the year amounts to ₹ 343/- for FY 25-26.

Note 28: Auditors remuneration (including taxes)

	(₹ in Lakhs)	
	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Audit fees (including taxes)	4.37	4.13
	4.37	4.13

Note 29: Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) expenditure

	(₹ in Lakhs)	
	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
(a) Amount required to be spent by the company during the year	23.00	12.85
(b) Amount of expenditure incurred		
(i) Construction / acquisition of any asset	-	-
(ii) On purposes other than (i) above	23.00	12.85
(c) Shortfall at the end of the year	-	-
(d) Total of previous years shortfall	-	-
(e) Reason for shortfall	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
(f) Nature of CSR activities	REACH (Reach Each CHild)	Pediatric health care activity
(g) Contribution to section 8 related companies, included in (b) above, in relation to CSR expenditure		
(i) UNM Foundation	23.00	12.85
	23.00	12.85

Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited**Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026****Note 30: Earnings per share**

	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Basic earnings per share (₹)	5.61	4.86
Diluted earnings per share (₹)	5.61	4.86

Basic and diluted earnings per share

The earnings and weighted average number of equity shares used in the calculation of basic earnings per share are as follows:

	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Profit for the year used in calculation of basic earning per share (₹ in Lakh)	1,314.99	1,139.65
Weighted average number of equity shares (Nos)	23,430,901	23,430,901
Nominal value of shares (₹)	10	10

The Company does not have any dilutive potential ordinary shares and therefore diluted earnings per share is the same as basic earnings per share.

Note 31: Operating segments

The Company's chief operating decision maker (CODM) assesses the financial performance and position of the company and makes strategic decisions. The Company is engaged in the business of generation and supply of Solar power. The Company's business falls within a single business segment "Renewable Energy". The company operates through a single geographic location in Maharashtra, India. The Company's only customer is Solar Energy Corporation of India Limited.

Note 32: Leases

	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
		(₹ in Lakhs)
Amount Recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss		
Expense relating to short-term leases (included in other expenses)	2.13	-
Expense relating to leases of low-value assets that are not shown above as short-term leases (included in other expenses)	0.50	0.66
	2.63	0.66

The Company's significant leasing arrangements are in respect of office premises. The arrangement is for 11 months and is renewable/cancellable by mutual consent on mutually agreeable terms. Under these arrangements, generally refundable interest free deposits have been given. The Company has not entered into any material financial lease. The Company does not have any non-cancellable lease.

Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited**Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026****Note 33: Related party disclosures****(a) Names of related parties and description of relationship:**

1	Entities having joint control over the Ultimate Parent Company	Mehta Family Trust 1, Mehta Family Trust 2, Mehta Family Trust 3, Mehta Family Trust 4
2	Ultimate Parent Company	Torrent Investments Limited (formerly known as Torrent Investments Private Limited)
3	Entity having control over parent company	Torrent Power Limited (w.e.f. March 27, 2025)
4	Parent Company	Torrent Green Energy Private Limited (w.e.f. March 27, 2025) Torrent Power Limited (up to March 26, 2025)
5	Subsidiary of Ultimate Parent Company	UNM Foundation (w.e.f. March 30, 2026)
6	Fellow Subsidiary	Torrent Green Energy Private Limited (up to March 26, 2025)
7	Key Management Personnel	Nisarg Shah - Director Naresh Joshi - Director Jigish Mehta - Director
8	Other Entity where entity having control over parent company has 50% voting rights*	UNM Foundation (up to March 29, 2026)

* with whom transactions have taken place during the year.

Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited
Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

Note 33: Related party disclosures (Contd.)

(b) Related party transactions

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Entity having control over parent company		Other Entity where parent company has control over parent company has 50% voting rights		Total	
	Year ended 31.03.26	Year ended 31.03.25	Year ended 31.03.26	Year ended 31.03.25	Year ended 31.03.26	Year ended 31.03.25
Nature of transactions						
Rent expenses						
Torrent Power Limited	0.50	0.48	-	-	0.50	0.48
Loan Received						
Torrent Power Limited	-	30.00	-	-	-	30.00
Interest Expense						
Torrent Power Limited	635.15	871.97	-	-	635.15	871.97
Loan Repaid						
Torrent Power Limited	2,930.00	2,480.00	-	-	2,930.00	2,480.00
Shared expenditure						
Torrent Power Limited	-	0.06	-	-	-	0.06
Donation for CSR expenditure						
UNM Foundation	-	-	23.00	12.85	23.00	12.85
Utilisation of Non fund based limit						
Torrent Power Limited	-	43.00	-	-	-	43.00

Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited
Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

Note 33: Related party disclosures (Contd.)

Particulars	(₹ in Lakhs)					
	Entity having control over parent company		Total			
	As at	As at	As at	As at	As at	As at
	31.03.26	31.03.25	31.03.26	31.03.26	31.03.25	
Balances at the end of the year						
Trade Payable	-	0.06	-	-	0.06	
Torrent Power Limited	-	0.06	-	-	0.06	
Deposit Given	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	
Torrent Power Limited	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.04	
Current Borrowings (including Interest accrued)	1,723.03	1,775.52	1,723.03	1,723.03	1,775.52	
Torrent Power Limited	1,723.03	1,775.52	1,723.03	1,723.03	1,775.52	
Non Current Borrowings	4,370.00	7,300.00	4,370.00	4,370.00	7,300.00	
Torrent Power Limited	4,370.00	7,300.00	4,370.00	4,370.00	7,300.00	
Utilisation of Non fund based limit of	-	43.00	-	-	43.00	
Torrent Power Limited	-	43.00	-	-	43.00	

(d) Terms and conditions of outstanding balances

The transactions with related parties are made in the normal course of business on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions.

Outstanding balances at the year-end are unsecured.

Note 34: Financial instruments and risk management

(a) Capital management

The Company manages its capital structure in a manner to ensure that it will be able to continue as a going concern while optimising the return to stakeholders through the appropriate debt and equity balance.

The Company's capital structure is represented by equity (comprising issued capital, retained earnings and other reserves as detailed in notes 13 & 14) and debt (borrowings as detailed in note 15 and 16).

The Company's management reviews the capital structure of the Company on an annual basis. As part of this review, the management considers the cost of capital and the risks associated with each class of capital. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing its capital during the year ended March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025.

Gearing ratio

The gearing ratio at end of the reporting period is as follows.

	(₹ in Lakhs)	
	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Debt	5,970.00	8,900.00
Total equity	13,355.65	11,590.82
Debt to equity ratio	<u>0.45</u>	<u>0.77</u>

Footnotes :

- 1 Debt is defined as all long term debt outstanding (including unamortised expense) + short term debt outstanding in lieu of long term debt.
- 2 Total equity is defined as equity share capital + all reserve (excluding revaluation reserve) + deferred tax liabilities.

(b) Categories of financial instruments

	(₹ in Lakhs)			
	As at March 31, 2026		As at March 31, 2025	
	Carrying value	Fair value	Carrying value	Fair value
Financial assets				
Measured at amortised cost				
Other financial assets	30.60	30.60	28.89	28.89
Cash and cash equivalents	63.19	63.19	307.21	307.21
Trade receivables	1,101.31	1,101.31	1,109.24	1,109.24
	<u>1,195.10</u>	<u>1,195.10</u>	<u>1,445.34</u>	<u>1,445.34</u>
Financial liabilities				
Measured at amortised cost				
Borrowings	5,970.00	5,970.00	8,900.00	8,900.00
Trade payables	68.20	68.20	96.61	96.61
Other financial liabilities	470.63	470.63	533.28	533.28
	<u>6,508.83</u>	<u>6,508.83</u>	<u>9,529.89</u>	<u>9,529.89</u>

Footnotes:

- 1 The carrying amounts of trade receivables, trade payables, capital creditors, cash and cash equivalents, Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents, Other financial assets and other financial liabilities are considered to be the same as their fair values, due to their short-term nature.
- 2 Borrowings carries the interest rates that are variable in nature and hence carrying value is considered as same as fair value.

(c) Fair value measurement

The fair value hierarchy is based on inputs to valuation techniques that are used to measure fair value that are either observable or unobservable and consists of the following three levels:

Level 1 : Inputs are Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2 : Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable. This includes unquoted floating rate borrowing.

Level 3 : Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

Note 34: Financial instruments and risk management (contd.)

(d) Financial risk management objectives

The Company's principal financial liabilities, comprise borrowings from Parent Company, trade and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations, routine and projects capital expenditure. The Company's principal financial assets include loans, advances, trade and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents that derive directly from its operations.

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks viz interest rate risk, credit risk, liquidity risk etc. The Company's primary focus is to foresee the unpredictability of financial markets and seek to minimize potential adverse effects on its financial performance. The Company's senior management oversees the management of these risks. It advises on financial risks and the appropriate financial risk governance framework for the Company.

Interest rate risk

Company's borrowings are on a floating rate of interest. The Company has exposure to interest rate risk, arising principally on changes in Marginal Cost of Funds based Lending Rate (MCLR). The Company uses a mix of interest rate sensitive financial instruments to manage the liquidity and fund requirements for its day to day operations like short term credit lines besides internal accruals and borrowings from Parent and Subsidiaries Company.

The following table provides a break-up of the Company's fixed and floating rate borrowings:

	(₹ in Lakhs)	
	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2026
Floating rate borrowings	5,970.00	8,900.00
	5,970.00	8,900.00

Interest rate risk sensitivity:

The below mentioned sensitivity analysis is based on the exposure to interest rates for floating rate borrowings. For this it is assumed that the amount of the floating rate liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year. If interest rates had been 50 basis points higher or lower, other variables being held constant, following is the impact on profit before tax .

	(₹ in Lakhs)	
	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Impact on profit before tax - increase in 50 basis points	(29.85)	(44.50)
Impact on profit before tax - decrease in 50 basis points	29.85	44.50

Credit risk

Trade receivables:

(1) Exposures to credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. The Company is exposed to the credit risk arising from the possibility that counterparties (primarily trade receivable, suppliers etc.) might fail to comply with contractual obligations. This exposure may arise with regard to unsettled amounts and the cost of substituting products that are not supplied.

(2) Credit risk management

Credit risk is managed and limited in accordance with the type of transaction and the creditworthiness of the counterparty. The credit risk is limited as the revenue and collection are from Solar Energy Corporation of India Limited which is a Government undertaking.

(3) Other credit enhancements

The Company does not hold any collateral or other credit enhancements to cover its credit risks associated with its financial assets.

Note 34: Financial instruments and risk management (contd.)

(4) Age of receivables and expected credit loss

The company is engaged in the business of generation of solar power. Revenue from sale of electricity generated from the solar power is being supplied only to SECI under PPA, which is the only customer of the company and a government undertaking. Based on an analysis of past trends of recovery, the management is of the view that the entire receivables are fully recoverable. Accordingly, the Company does not recognise any impairment loss on its receivables.

The age of receivables and provision matrix at the end of the reporting period is as follows.

As at March 31, 2026

	Gross trade receivables	(₹ in Lakhs) Allowance for doubtful debt
Not Due	750.68	-
Less than or equal to 6 months	350.63	-
	1,101.31	-

As at March 31, 2025

	Gross trade receivables	(₹ in Lakhs) Allowance for doubtful debt
Not Due	742.37	-
Less than or equal to 6 months	366.87	-
	1,109.24	-

(5) Movement in the expected credit loss allowance

	Year ended March 31, 2026	(₹ in Lakhs) Year ended March 31, 2025
Opening balance	-	-
Movement in expected credit loss allowance on trade receivable, net	-	-
Closing balance	-	-

Other financial assets:

The Company is having balances in cash and cash equivalents and term deposits with banks. These balances are maintained with scheduled banks having high credit rating and hence perceives low credit risk of default.

Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

Note 34: Financial instruments and risk management (Contd.)**Liquidity risk**

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are required to be settled by delivering the cash or another financial asset. The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities and unused borrowing facilities and borrowings from Parent and Subsidiaries Company, by continuously monitoring projected / actual cash flows.

Maturities of financial liabilities:

The Company's remaining contractual maturity for its financial liabilities with agreed repayment periods is given below. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Company can be required to pay. The tables include both interest and principal cash flows. The contractual maturity is based on the earliest date on which the Company may be required to pay.

As at March 31, 2026

				(₹ in Lakhs)
	Less than 1 year	Between 1 year and 5 years	5 years and above	Total
Financial liabilities				
Non current financial liabilities				
Borrowings		5,254.66	-	5,254.66
	-	5,254.66	-	5,254.66
Current financial liabilities				
Borrowings (including interest on borrowings)	1,723.03	-	-	1,723.03
Trade payables	68.20	-	-	68.20
Other financial liabilities	347.60	-	-	347.60
	2,138.83	-	-	2,138.83
Total financial liabilities	2,138.83	5,254.66	-	7,393.49

As at March 31, 2025

				(₹ in Lakhs)
	Less than 1 year	Between 1 year and 5 years	5 years and above	Total
Financial liabilities				
Non current financial liabilities				
Borrowings	-	7,862.12	931.72	8,793.84
	-	7,862.12	931.72	8,793.84
Current financial liabilities				
Borrowings (including interest on borrowings)	1,775.52	-	-	1,775.52
Trade payables	96.61	-	-	96.61
Other financial liabilities	357.76	-	-	357.76
	2,229.89	-	-	2,229.89
Total financial liabilities	2,229.89	7,862.12	931.72	11,023.73

Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

Note 35: Contingent liabilities

	(₹ in Lakhs)	
	As at	As at
	March 31, 2026	March 31, 2025
Disputed Goods and service tax matters	10.81	10.81
Disputed Income tax matters	23.32	23.32
	34.13	34.13

Footnotes:

1. Management believes that its position on the aforesaid indirect tax demand against the Company will likely be upheld in the appellate process and accordingly no provision has been made in the financial statements for such demands.

2. In respect of the above, the expected outflow will be determined at the time of final resolution of the dispute

Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited
Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

Note 36: Title deeds of Immovable Property not held in the name of the Company

As at March 31, 2026

Relevant line item in the Balance sheet	Description of item of property	Gross carrying value	Title deeds held in the name of	Whether title deed holder is a promoter, director or relative# of promoter*/director or employee of promoter/director	Property held since which date	Reason for not being held in the name of the company
Property, plant and equipment	Freehold Land	1,420.10	LREHL Renewables India SPV1 Private Limited	NA	October 12, 2017	On August 31, 2022, Name of company has changed from LREHL Renewables India SPV1 Private Limited to Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited. The company is under process of change of name with respect to title deeds of land.

As at March 31, 2025

Relevant line item in the Balance sheet	Description of item of property	Gross carrying value	Title deeds held in the name of	Whether title deed holder is a promoter, director or relative# of promoter*/director or employee of promoter/director	Property held since which date	Reason for not being held in the name of the company
Property, plant and equipment	Freehold Land	1,420.10	LREHL Renewables India SPV1 Private Limited	NA	October 12, 2017	On August 31, 2022, Name of company has changed from LREHL Renewables India SPV1 Private Limited to Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited. The company is under process of change of name with respect to title deeds of land.

Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited
Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

Note 39: Financial Ratios

Particulars	As at		As at March 31, 2025	Variance (%)	Remarks for variation more /(less) than 25%
	March 31, 2026	March 31, 2025			
(a) Current Ratio	0.56	0.64		-12%	Due to decrease in Current Asset
(b) Debt-Equity Ratio	0.45	0.77		-42%	Due to decrease in Debt
(c) Debt Service Coverage Ratio	0.96	1.02		-6%	Due to Reduction in finance cost and debt
(d) Return on Equity Ratio	11.38%	10.53%		8%	NA
(e) Inventory turnover Ratio	0.01	0.01		56%	Due to Increase in closing inventory
(f) Trade Receivables turnover Ratio	3.51	3.52		0%	NA
(g) Trade Payables turnover Ratio	5.33	7.33		-27%	Due to Increase in Trade Payable
(h) Net capital turnover Ratio	5.91	4.94		20%	NA
(i) Net profit Ratio	33.91%	28.95%		17%	NA
(j) Return on Capital employed	12.42%	11.71%		6%	NA
(k) Return on investment	11.70%	11.11%		5%	NA

Explanations to items included in computing the above ratios:

- 1) Current Ratio : Current Asset over Current Liabilities
- 2) Debt Equity Ratio : Debt (includes borrowings) over Total Shareholder's Equity (including Reserves and Surplus) minus deferred tax asset
- 3) Debt Service Coverage Ratio: Profit After Tax+Deferred Tax+Depreciation+Interest on debt over Principal repayment of debt+Interest on debt
- 4) Return on Equity Ratio : Profit After Tax over Average Equity (including Reserves and Surplus)
- 5) Inventory turnover Ratio: Revenue from operations over average inventories
- 6) Trade Receivable Turnover Ratio : Net Credit Revenue from operations over average trade receivables
- 7) Trade Payable Turnover Ratio : Other expenses over average trade payables
- 8) Net Capital Turnover Ratio: Revenue from operations over working capital (current assets - (current liabilities - current maturities of long term debt)
- 9) Net Profit Ratio: Net profit over net sales
- 10) Return on Capital Employed : Earning before Interest and Tax over capital employed (Capital employed includes Total Share Holders Equity and Debt)
- 11) Return on investment: Profit tax+Finance Cost over Average total assets

Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited
Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

Note 37: Ageing schedule for Trade Receivables

As at March 31, 2026

Particulars	Not due*	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						Total
		Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years		
Undisputed Trade receivables								
- considered good	750.68	350.63	-	-	-	-	1,101.31	
Disputed Trade receivables								
- considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	750.68	350.63	-	-	-	-	1,101.31	

(₹ in Lakhs)

As at March 31, 2025

Particulars	Not due*	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						Total
		Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years		
Undisputed Trade receivables								
- considered good	742.37	366.87	-	-	-	-	1,109.24	
Disputed Trade receivables								
- considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total	742.37	366.87	-	-	-	-	1,109.24	

(₹ in Lakhs)

* includes ₹ 402.94 Lakhs (₹ 399.67 Lakhs of March 31, 2025) billed subsequent to year end.

Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited
Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

Note 38: Ageing schedule for Trade Payables

As at March 31, 2026

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						Total
	Unbilled	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Undisputed dues							
- Micro and small enterprises	34.38	3.84	-	-	-	-	38.22
- Others	16.67	8.24	5.07	-	-	-	29.98
Disputed dues							
- Micro and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	51.05	12.08	5.07	-	-	-	68.20

As at March 31, 2025

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						Total
	Unbilled	Not due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Undisputed dues							
- Micro and small enterprises	7.43	4.05	-	-	-	-	11.48
- Others	14.50	11.40	59.23	-	-	-	85.13
Disputed dues							
- Micro and small enterprises	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	21.93	15.45	59.23	-	-	-	96.61

Note 40(I) Other regulatory information required by Schedule III

a) Details of benami property held

No proceedings have been initiated on or are pending against the Company for holding benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) (formerly the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988)) and Rules made there under during the year ended March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025.

b) Borrowing secured against current assets

The Company has not obtained borrowings from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets and accordingly there is no requirement of submitting the quarterly returns or statements of current assets.

c) Wilful defaulter

The Company has not been declared Wilful Defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority during the year ended March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025.

d) Relationship with struck off companies

The Company does not have any transactions with the companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of the Companies Act, 1956 during the year ended March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025.

e) Compliance with number of layers of companies

The Company does not hold interest in subsidiary, associate and joint venture during the year ended March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025. Hence the restrictions on the number of layers prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013, read with the Companies (Restriction on number of layers) Rules, 2017 is not applicable to the company.

f) Compliance with approved scheme(s) of arrangements

The Company has not entered into any scheme of arrangement approved by the Competent Authority in terms of sections 230 to 237 of the Companies Act, 2013 during the year ended March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025.

g) Utilisation of borrowed funds and share premium

During the year ended March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025, the Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds (either borrowed funds or share premium or kind of funds) to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Intermediary shall:

- directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.

During the year ended March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025, the Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:

- directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- provide any guarantee, security, or the like on behalf of the ultimate beneficiaries.

h) Undisclosed income

During the year ended March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025, the Company has not surrendered or disclosed as income any transactions not recorded in the books of accounts in the course of tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).

i) Details of crypto currency or virtual currency

The Company has not invested or traded in Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency during the year ended March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025.

Note 40(II) Other regulatory information

a) Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies

There are no charges or satisfactions which were to be registered with the Registrar of Companies during the year ended March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025.

b) Utilisation of borrowings availed from banks and financial institutions

The Company has not obtained the borrowings from banks and financial institutions during the year ended March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025.

Note 40(III) The Company has not granted loans or advance in nature of loans to promoters, directors, KMPs and other related parties (as defined under Companies Act, 2013), either severally or jointly with any other person.

Torrent Saurya Urja 6 Private Limited

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

Note 41: Audit Trail in Accounting Software

The Company has been using SAP ERP as a book of accounts. SAP audit logging has been enabled from the beginning of the year and captures all the changes made in the audit log as per SAP note no 3042258 version 7 dated March 06, 2024.

Due to standard database functionality of HANA DB, while changes made are logged in the database, it does not capture "old value" of changes made upto March 02, 2026. The Management has deployed a specific program on March 03, 2026 to meet the requirement and now the system enhancement captures "Old value" of changes made. In addition, as a part of privileged access management (PAM), Company has implemented ARCON make PAM suite. This PAM system provides access based on workflow-based need/approval along with the video recording of all activities carried out by privileged user. This is a secondary control implemented to mitigate the risk associated with Privileged users.

Note 42: The Company is in the process of filling the vacancy of whole-time Company secretary, as required under Rule 8A of Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel Amendment Rules, 2014. The Company has time till July 11, 2026 to fill the said vacancy.

Note 43: Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were approved for issue by the board of directors on April 29, 2026.

Signature to Note 1 to 43

In terms of our report attached

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP

Firm Registration Number : 012754N/N500016

**Jinesh
Harnish Shah** Digitally signed by
Jinesh Harnish Shah
Date: 2026.04.29
19:47:31 +05'30'

Jinesh H Shah
Partner
Membership No.: 125557

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

**JIGISH
BHOGILAL
MEHTA** Digitally signed by
JIGISH BHOGILAL
MEHTA
Date: 2026.04.29
19:05:45 +05'30'

Jigish Mehta
Chairman
DIN : 09054778

**MAYANK
S SHAH** Digitally signed
by MAYANK S
SHAH
Date: 2026.04.29
19:09:02 +05'30'

Mayank Shah
Chief Financial Officer

**ADITYA
KIRANBHAI
PATEL** Digitally signed by
ADITYA KIRANBHAI
PATEL
Date: 2026.04.29
19:13:17 +05'30'

Aditya Patel
Chief Executive Officer

Place: Ahmedabad
Date: April 29, 2026

Place: Ahmedabad
Date: April 29, 2026